

GenCore version 5.1.4 p5.4578
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OW protein - protein search, using sw model

Run on: March 24, 2003, 15:45:24 ; Search time 55.1515 Seconds

(without alignments)
628.181 Million cell updates/sec

Title: US-09-988-971-2_COPY_2_261

Sequence: 1 GSLPSRRKSLPSPSLSSSVQ.....RSLSFYSLNDEAVSLDDA 260

Scoring table: BLOSUM62

Gapop 10.0 , Gapext 0.5

Searched: 908470 seqs, 133250620 residues

Total number of hits satisfying chosen parameters: 908470

Minimum DB seq length: 0
Maximum DB seq length: 2000000000

Post-processing: Minimum Match 0%

Maximum Match 100%

Listing first 45 summaries

Database :
1: /SIDSL/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseqp-emb1/AA1980.DAT:*
2: /SIDSL/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseqp-emb1/AA1981.DAT:*
3: /SIDSL/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseqp-emb1/AA1982.DAT:*
4: /SIDSL/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseqp-emb1/AA1983.DAT:*
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15: /SIDSL/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseqp-emb1/AA1994.DAT:*
16: /SIDSL/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseqp-emb1/AA1995.DAT:*
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19: /SIDSL/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseqp-emb1/AA1998.DAT:*
20: /SIDSL/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseqp-emb1/AA1999.DAT:*
21: /SIDSL/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseqp-emb1/AA2000.DAT:*
22: /SIDSL/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseqp-emb1/AA2001.DAT:*
23: /SIDSL/gcgdata/geneseq/geneseqp-emb1/AA2002.DAT:*

Pred. No. is the number of results predicted by chance to have a score greater than or equal to the score of the result being printed, and is derived by analysis of the total score distribution.

SUMMARIES

Result No.	Score	Query Match	Length	ID	Description
1	1346	100.0	261	23	AAO15457
2	1342	99.7	261	23	AAU91308
3	1273	94.6	248	21	AA842993
4	1027	76.3	259	23	AAO15456
5	933.5	69.4	210	23	AAO15458
6	474.5	35.3	315	22	AAU31072
7	364.5	27.1	505	22	AA899332
8	352	26.2	509	21	AAV49420
9	344	25.6	508	21	AA837700
10	342	25.4	70	22	ABG05994

11	336	25.0	517	22	AB857957	Drosophila melanog
12	321	23.8	541	23	AAU74614	Perinuclear theca
13	319.5	23.7	543	22	ABG10302	Novel human diago
14	319.5	23.7	543	22	AB84663	Amino acid sequenc
15	317.5	23.6	543	20	AAV24421	Human yeast protein
16	315	23.4	466	20	AAV29668	Human src-family k
17	314	23.3	466	22	AAU08730	Xenopus laevis src
18	314	23.3	466	22	AAU08734	Xenopus laevis src
19	314	23.3	466	22	AAU08735	Xenopus laevis src
20	310.5	23.1	551	21	ABG22264	Novel human diago
21	290.5	21.6	533	21	AAV44447	Novel chicken c-s
22	290.5	21.6	533	22	AAV44449	Mutant chicken c-s
23	290.5	21.6	533	22	AAV44450	Mutant chicken c-s
24	290.5	21.6	552	22	AB857777	Amino acid sequenc
25	290.5	21.6	552	22	AB857777	Drosophila melanog
26	288.5	21.4	533	14	AA839705	Drosophila melanog
27	286	21.2	502	23	AAE21689	Chicken p60 c-src
28	286	21.2	502	23	AAE21689	Fugu rubripes lymph
29	285.5	21.2	533	21	AAV44451	Mutant chicken c-s
30	280.5	20.8	536	14	AA839706	Mutant chicken c-s
31	280.5	20.8	536	23	AAU78678	Human p60 c-src p
32	277.5	20.6	542	23	AB897339	Human SH2/SH3 doma
33	266	19.8	134	17	AAW03982	Novel human protei
34	266	19.8	134	17	AAW02120	DETI-DET2-spacer-e
35	266	19.8	134	17	AAW11286	DETI-DET2-spacer-e
36	266	19.8	134	18	AAW11286	Human lck SH2 doma
37	264	19.6	101	18	AAW1184	Human p56-lck prot
38	262	19.5	224	18	AAW19624	Human lck SH2 doma
39	262	19.5	224	20	AAW19624	FKBP-LCK-SH2 fusio
40	258.5	19.2	102	16	AAW68923	A fusion protein o
41	256	19.0	565	22	ABG32090	lck SH2 region. N
42	242	18.0	417	12	AAV44201	Novel human diago
43	238	17.7	94	20	AAV29670	(Beta-galactosidas
44	238	17.7	94	22	AAU08732	Human src-family k
45	237	17.6	117	17	AAW03986	Src-family kinase

ALIGNMENTS

RESULT 1	AAO15457	standard; Protein; 261 AA.
ID	AAO15457;	
XX	AAO15457;	
AC	AAO15457;	
XX	03-OCT-2002 (first entry)	
XX		
DE	Human modulator of antigen receptor signalling (MARS) protein.	
XX		
KW	Human; gene therapy; modulator of antigen receptor signalling; MARS;	
KW	tumour suppressor gene; Src-like adaptor protein; SLAP;	
KW	myeloid malignancy; acute myelogenous leukemia; autoimmune disorder;	
KW	immunosuppression; myeloproliferative disorder; breast cancer.	
OS	Homo sapiens.	
XX		
XX	WO200242452-A2.	
XX		
XX	30-MAY-2002.	
XX		
XX	26-NOV-2001; 2001WO-CA01662.	
XX		
XX	27-NOV-2000; 2000CA-2324663.	
XX		
PR	(HOSP-) HOSPITAL FOR SICK CHILDREN.	
PA		
XX		
XX	McGladie JC, Loreto MP;	
PI		
XX		
DR	WPI; 2002-566564/60.	
XX		
XX	N-PSDB; AAL44089.	
XX		
PT	New isolated modulator of antigen receptor signaling protein or its	

PT fragment, useful for treating malignant disorders such as myeloid
 PT malignancies, autoimmune disorders and myeloproliferative disorders -
 XX
 XX
 PS Claim 7, Fig 9A, 110pp; English.

XX The invention comprises the amino acid and coding sequences of modulator
 CC of antigen receptor signalling (MARS) proteins. The MARS protein is a
 CC putative tumour suppressor gene and exhibits structural and sequence
 CC similarity to the Scr-like adaptor protein (SLAP). The MARS DNA and
 CC protein sequences of the invention are useful for the treatment of
 CC myeloid malignancies (e.g. acute myelogenous leukaemia) autoimmune
 CC disorders, immunosuppression, myeloproliferative disorders and
 CC malignancies related to the de-regulation of tyrosine kinases (e.g.
 CC breast cancer). The present amino acid sequence represents a human MARS
 CC protein.
 XX
 SQ Sequence 261 AA;

Query Match 100.0%; Score 1346; DB 23; Length 261;
 Best Local Similarity 100.0%; Pred. No. 5,9e-130;
 Matches 260; Conservative 0; Mismatches 0; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 GSLSRRKSLPSPLSSSSVQGGPVTMEARSKATVALGSPFAGPAELSLRLGEPPLTI 60
 Db 2 GSLSRRKSLPSPLSSSSVQGGPVTMEARSKATVALGSPFAGPAELSLRLGEPPLTI 61
 QY 61 VSEDGDMWTVLSEVSGREYNIPSVHAKVSHGWLVEGLSREKAEELLILPGNGGAFILIR 120
 Db 62 VSEDGDMWTVLSEVSGREYNIPSVHAKVSHGWLVEGLSREKAEELLILPGNGGAFILIR 121
 QY 121 ESQTRRGYSLSYRLSPASMDRIHRYRHICLDNMGWLYISPLTTPSLQALVDHYSELAD 180
 Db 122 ESQTRRGYSLSYRLSPASMDRIHRYRHICLDNMGWLYISPLTTPSLQALVDHYSELAD 181
 QY 181 DICCLKEPCVLOKAGPLPGKDIPLPVTVOKPLMKELDSSLFSEMAATGESLSLSEGL 240
 Db 182 DICCLKEPCVLOKAGPLPGKDIPLPVTVOKPLMKELDSSLFSEMAATGESLSLSEGL 241
 QY 241 RESLSFYISLNDENVSLDDA 260
 Db 242 RESLSFYISLNDENVSLDDA 261

RESULT 2
 AAU91308
 ID AAU91308 standard; protein; 261 AA.

AC AAU91308;
 DT 18-JUN-2002 (first entry)
 XX
 XX Human protein NOV13.
 DE
 XX Human; NOVX; gene therapy; cardiomyopathy; atherosclerosis;
 KW cell signal processing disorder; metabolic pathway modulation disorder;
 KW diabetes; cancer; adenocarcinoma; lymphoma; prostate cancer;
 KW uterus cancer; immune response; graft-versus-host disease;
 KW acquired immunodeficiency syndrome; AIDS; asthma; Cohn's disease;
 KW hypertension; congenital heart defects; multiple sclerosis; inflammation;
 KW Albritght hereditary osteodystrophy.

XX Homo sapiens.
 XX
 PN WO200216599-A2.
 XX
 PD 28-FEB-2002.
 XX
 PF 27-AUG-2001; 2001MO-US26510.
 XX
 PR 25-AUG-2000; 2000US-228191P.
 PR 08-FEB-2001; 2001US-267300P.
 PR 20-FEB-2001; 2001US-269961P.
 PR 20-MAR-2001; 2001US-277337P.

XX (CURA-) CURAGEN CORP.
 PA (CORT-) COR THERAPEUTICS INC.
 XX
 XX
 PI Burgess CE, Conley PB, Grosse WM, Hart M, Kekuda R, Shinketa RA;
 PI Spytek KA, Szekeres BS, Tomlinson JE, Topper UN, Yang R;
 DR WPI; 2002-280937/32.
 DR N-PSDB; ABK61465.

XX New polypeptides for treating or preventing a disorder associated with
 PT them, in humans, e.g. cardiomyopathy, atherosclerosis or cancers -
 XX
 PS Claim 3; Page 98; 263pp; English.

CC The invention relates to an isolated polypeptide (NOVX) a mature
 CC form of NOVX, a NOVX variant (differing by no more than 15%) the
 CC nucleotide encoding NOVX (or its complement, fragment or variant),
 CC NOVX is NOV1-14, 15a, 15b, 16a, and 16b. The NOVX polypeptide, nucleic
 CC acid encoding it and antibody against it, are useful for treating or
 CC preventing (e.g. by gene therapy) a NOVX-associated disorder in humans,
 CC e.g. cardiomyopathy, atherosclerosis, a disorder related to cell signal
 CC processing and metabolic pathway modulation, diabetes or cancers. The
 CC NOVX polypeptide and nucleic acids are also useful for determining the
 CC presence of predisposition to the diseases. The NOVX nucleic acid and
 CC polypeptide are especially useful in therapeutic or prophylactic
 CC applications for disorders associated with aberrant NOVX expression or
 CC activity, e.g. cancers (e.g. adenocarcinoma, lymphoma, prostate cancer or
 CC uterine cancer), immune response, graft-versus-host disease, acquired
 CC immunodeficiency syndrome (AIDS), asthma, Crohn's disease, hypertension,
 CC congenital heart defects, multiple sclerosis, inflammation or Albritght
 CC hereditary osteodystrophy and many other diseases listed in the
 CC specification. The DNA encoding the protein is useful in gene therapy
 CC for treating the conditions. This is also useful in detection assays,
 CC chromosome mapping, tissue typing, diagnostic or prognostic assays, or
 CC for developing a powerful assay system for functional analysis of
 CC various human disorders, as well as in diagnostic applications. The
 CC present sequence represents a NOVX protein.

SQ Sequence 261 AA;
 Query Match 99.7%; Score 1342; DB 23; Length 261;
 Best Local Similarity 99.6%; Pred. No. 1.5e-129;
 Matches 259; Conservative 0; Mismatches 1; Indels 0; Gaps 0;

QY 1 GSLSRRKSLPSPLSSSSVQGGPVTMEARSKATVALGSPFAGPAELSLRLGEPPLTI 60
 Db 2 GSLSRRKSLPSPLSSSSVQGGPVTMEARSKATVALGSPFAGPAELSLRLGEPPLTI 61
 QY 61 VSEDGDMWTVLSEVSGREYNIPSVHAKVSHGWLVEGLSREKAEELLILPGNGGAFILIR 120
 Db 62 VSEDGDMWTVLSEVSGREYNIPSVHAKVSHGWLVEGLSREKAEELLILPGNGGAFILIR 121
 QY 121 ESQTRRGYSLSYRLSPASMDRIHRYRHICLDNMGWLYISPLTTPSLQALVDHYSELAD 180
 Db 122 ESQTRRGYSLSYRLSPASMDRIHRYRHICLDNMGWLYISPLTTPSLQALVDHYSELAD 181
 QY 181 DICCLKEPCVLOKAGPLPGKDIPLPVTVOKPLMKELDSSLFSEMAATGESLSLSEGL 240
 Db 182 DICCLKEPCVLOKAGPLPGKDIPLPVTVOKPLMKELDSSLFSEMAATGESLSLSEGL 241
 QY 241 RESLSFYISLNDENVSLDDA 260
 Db 242 RESLSFYISLNDENVSLDDA 261

RESULT 3
 AAB42993
 ID AAB42993 standard; Protein; 248 AA.

AC AAB42993;
 XX
 DT 08-FEB-2001 (first entry)

Matches 208; Conservative 16; Mismatches 33; Indels 4; Gaps 3;

QY 1 GSLPRRRLKSLPSPSSSSVVOGQPVYMEERKATAVAGSPAGAPALSLRLGEPPLTI 60
 2 GSLSSRGKT-SSPSPSSSGPDPEVSMQPERHKYTVAVAGSPAGAPALSLRLGEPPLTI 60
 QY 61 VSEDDMTVTLSVSGREYNIPSYVAVKSHGWLVEGLSREKAEELLILPGNGGAFILIR 120
 61 ISEDDMTVTLSVSGREYNIPSYVAVKSHGWLVEGLSREKAEELLILPGNGGAFILIR 120
 QY 121 ESQTRRGYSYLSVLRSPASMDRIRHRYRICHLDNCGWLISPRLTSPSLQALVDHYSELAD 180
 121 ESQTRRGYSYLSVLRSPASMDRIRHRYRICHLDNCGWLISPRLTSPSLQALVDHYSELAD 180
 QY 181 DICCLKEPCVLOQAPGLPKDIPLPYVQRTPLNKKELDSLLFSEA-ATGSESLISFG 239
 181 GICCPLEPCVLOQAPGLPKDIPLPYVQRTPLNKKELDSLLFSEA-ATGSESLISFG 240
 QY 240 LRESLSPYSLINDEAVSLDDA 260
 241 LRESLSPYSLINDEAVSLDDA 259

RESULT 5
 AAO15458
 ID AAO15458 standard; Protein; 210 AA.

XX AAO15458;
 AC AAO15458;
 XX
 DT 03-OCT-2002 (first entry)

DE Mouse modulator of antigen receptor signalling short isoform protein.

XX Mouse; gene therapy; modulator of antigen receptor signalling; MARS;
 KM tumour suppressor gene; Scr-like adaptor protein; SLAP;
 KM myeloid malignancy; acute myelogenous leukaemia; autoimmune disorder;
 KM immunosuppression; myeloproliferative disorder; breast cancer.

OS Mus sp.

XX MO200242452-A2.

XX 30-MAY-2002.

XX 26-NOV-2001; 2001WO-CA01662.

XX 27-NOV-2000; 2000CA-2324663.

XX (HOSP-) HOSPITAL FOR SICK CHILDREN.

XX Mcglaide JC, Loreto MP;

XX WPI; 2002-566564/60.

XX N-PSDB; AAL44090.

XX New isolated modulator of antigen receptor signaling protein or its

XX fragment, useful for treating malignant disorders such as myeloid

XX malignancies, autoimmune disorders and myeloproliferative disorders -

XX Claim 8; Page 78; 110pp; English.

XX The invention comprises the amino acid and coding sequences of modulator

XX of antigen receptor signalling (MARS) proteins. The MARS protein is a

XX putative tumour suppressor gene and exhibits structural and sequence

XX similarity to the Scr-like adaptor protein (SLAP). The MARS DNA and

XX protein sequences of the invention are useful for the treatment of

XX myeloid malignancies (e.g. acute myelogenous leukaemia) autoimmune

XX disorders, immunosuppression, myeloproliferative disorders and

XX malignancies related to the de-regulation of tyrosine kinases (e.g.

XX breast cancer). The present amino acid sequence represents a mouse MARS

XX protein.

XX Sequence * 210 AA;

Query Match 69.4%; Score 933.5; DB 23; Length 210;
 Best Local Similarity 89.3%; Pred. No. 1.3e-87;
 Matches 184; Conservative 3; Mismatches 12; Indels 7; Gaps 1;

QY 1 GSLPRRRLKSLPSPSSSSVVOGQPVYMEERKATAVAGSPAGAPALSLRLGEPPLTI 60
 2 GSLSSRGKT-SSPSPSSSGPDPEVSMQPERHKYTVAVAGSPAGAPALSLRLGEPPLTI 61
 QY 61 VSEDDMTVTLSVSGREYNIPSYVAVKSHGWLVEGLSREKAEELLILPGNGGAFILIR 120
 61 ISEDDMTVTLSVSGREYNIPSYVAVKSHGWLVEGLSREKAEELLILPGNGGAFILIR 121
 QY 121 ESQTRRGYSYLSVLRSPASMDRIRHRYRICHLDNCGWLISPRLTSPSLQALVDHYSE-- 177
 121 ESQTRRGYSYLSVLRSPASMDRIRHRYRICHLDNCGWLISPRLTSPSLQALVDHYSE-- 181
 QY 178 ---LADDLICCLKEPCVLOQAPGLPKDIPLPYVQRTPLNKKELDSLLFSEA-ATGSESLISFG 199
 182 APWQGYPTCDCAEDTTLERAGQLP 207

RESULT 6
 AAU31072
 ID AAU31072 standard; Protein; 315 AA.

XX AAU31072;

XX 18-DEC-2001 (first entry)

DE Novel human secreted protein #1563.

XX Human; vaccination; gene therapy; nutritional supplement;
 KM stem cell proliferation; haematopoiesis; nerve tissue regeneration;
 KM immune suppression; immune stimulation; anti-inflammatory; leukaemia.

OS Homo sapiens.

XX MO200179449-A2.

XX 25-OCT-2001.

XX 16-APR-2001; 2001WO-US08656.

XX 18-APR-2000; 2000US-0552929.

XX 26-JAN-2001; 2001US-0770160.

XX (HYSE-) HYSEQ INC.

XX Tang YT, Liu C, Drmanac RT;

XX WPI; 2001-611725/70.

XX Nucleic acids encoding a range of human polypeptides, useful in genetic

XX vaccination, testing and therapy -

XX Claim 20; Page 399; 765pp; English.

XX The invention relates to novel human secreted polypeptides. The

XX polypeptides and antibodies to the polypeptides are useful for

XX determining the presence of or predisposition to a disease associated

XX with altered levels of polypeptide. The polypeptides are also useful for

XX identifying agents (agonists and antagonists) that bind to them. Cells

XX expressing the proteins are useful for identifying a therapeutic agent

XX for use in treatment of a pathology related to aberrant expression or

XX physiological interactions of the polypeptide. Vectors comprising

XX the nucleic acids encoding the polypeptides and cells genetically

XX engineered to express them are also useful for producing the proteins.

XX The proteins are useful in genetic vaccination, testing and

XX therapy, and can be used as nutritional supplements. They may be used to

XX increase stem cell proliferation; to regulate haematopoiesis; and in

XX bone, cartilage, tendon and/or nerve tissue growth or regeneration;

XX immune suppression and/or stimulation; as anti-inflammatory agents; and

CC in treatment of leukaemias. AAU29510-AAU33304 represent the amino acid
 CC sequences of novel human secreted proteins of the invention.

XX Sequence 315 AA;

Query Match 35.3%; Score 474.5; DB 22; Length 315;
 Best Local Similarity 39.7%; Pred. No. 4,36-40;
 Matches 104; Conservative 46; Mismatches 99; Indels 13; Gaps 4;

QY 4 PSRRKSLPSPSSSSVQGGVMTAEERSKATAVAGSFPAGPAELSLRLGEPLTVSE 63
 DB 33 PGKKKSGNSMKSTYAPARPLNPGGLDGLAVLSQYSPSPITFRREKRLAYSD 92
 QY 64 DGDWTVLSEVSGREYNIPSVHAKVSHG-WLYEGLSREKAEELLPLPNGAFLRES 122
 DB 93 EGGWKAISLSTGRSYPICVAVRYHGLWFELGGRKAEELLPLPTXKGFMRRES 152
 QY 123 QTRGSGYSLVSLSPASMDIRHRYRHCLDNGWLYISPRLTPELSQALVDHYSGLADDI 162
 DB 153 ETKKGFYSLSVR-----HROVKTYRIFRLPNNWYIISPRLTFCLELDVNHYSVADGL 206
 QY 183 CCLLKPCVLOAGPLPGKDIPLPVTVORTPLNWKELDSILFSEATGE-----ESLLS 237
 DB 207 CVVLTTPCLQSTAPAVRACSPVTLRQKTVDMRW-SRLQEDPGETENPLGVESLIFS 265
 QY 238 EGLRESLFSYISLNDKAVSLDD 259
 DB 266 YGLRESLFSYISLNDKAVSLDD 287

RESULT 7

AA99332 ID AAB99332 standard; Protein; 505 AA.

XX AAB99332;

DT 23-AUG-2001 (first entry)

XX Human tyrosine kinase Hck protein sequence SEQ ID NO:11.

XX Human: tyrosine kinase Hck binding protein; tyrosine kinase; Hck;
 KW tumour lethal factor; tumour necrosis factor alpha; apoptosis; HSB-1;
 KW Hck signal transduction; human immunodeficiency virus; HIV infection;
 KW anticancer.

XX Homo sapiens.

OS MO200132869-AA1.

XX 10-MAY-2001.

PF 26-OCT-2000; 2000MO-JP07500.

XX 29-OCT-1999; 99JP-0309957.

PR (SSSE) SSP CO LTD.

XX Taniyama T, Narita T;

XX WPI; 2001-316440/33.

PT New proteins which bind to human tyrosine kinase Hck for promotion of
 PT apoptosis and for the elucidation of the mechanism of Hck signal
 PT transduction -

XX Example 1; Page 33-35; 45pp; Japanese.

CC The present invention describes a protein, designated HSB-1, which binds
 CC to human tyrosine kinase Hck. Also described are: (1) nucleic acids
 CC encoding the protein and its derivatives; (2) recombinant vectors
 CC containing the nucleic acids; and (3) host cells transformed by the
 CC vectors and expressing the protein. HSB-1 has cytosolic activity, binds
 CC tyrosine kinase, enhances tumour necrosis factor alpha and promotes

CC apoptosis. HSB-1 proteins are used for the elucidation of the mechanism
 CC of Hck signal transduction and of the role of Hck in human
 CC immunodeficiency virus (HIV) infection. They can be used for the
 CC treatment of infections and other diseases with which Hck is associated.
 CC They promote the anticancer activity of tumour necrosis factor alpha.
 CC The present sequence represents the human tyrosine kinase Hck protein,
 CC which is used in an example from the present invention.

XX Sequence 505 AA;

Query Match 27.1%; Score 364.5; DB 22; Length 505;
 Best Local Similarity 42.2%; Pred. No. 1,96-28;
 Matches 78; Conservative 31; Mismatches 69; Indels 7; Gaps 2;

QY 11 PPSLSSSVQGGVMTAEERSKATAVAGSFPAGPAELSLRLGEPLTVSEDDWVTV 70
 DB 40 PGNSHNS---NTGIRAGSEDIIVLYEAIHHEDUSFOKQDQWVLESSEGWKKA 96
 QY 71 LSEVSGREYNIPSVHAKV---SHGWLSEGLSREKAEELLPLPNGAFLRESQTR 126
 DB 97 RSLATKEGYIPSVHAKVVDLSLETEWPFKQISRKDAERQLAPNMLGSPMIRSETTK 156
 QY 127 GSYSLVSLSPASMDIRHRYRHCLDNGWLYISPRLTPELSQALVDHYSGLADDICCL 186
 DB 157 GSYSLVSLSPASMDIRHRYRHCLDNGWLYISPRLTPELSQALVDHYSGLADDICCL 216
 QY 187 KEPCV 191
 DB 217 SVPCM 221

RESULT 8

AA949420 ID AAY9420 standard; Protein; 509 AA.

XX AAY9420;

DT 13-MAR-2000 (first entry)

XX PKA substrate, Src-family protein.

XX Protein kinase A; PKA; PKA signaling pathway; phosphorylation; cancer;
 KW kinase substrate; immunosuppressive disorder; proliferative disease;
 KW HIV infection; AIDS; immunodeficiency; autoimmune disease;
 KW systemic lupus erythematosus; Src-family.

XX Homo sapiens.

OS MO9962315-A2.

XX 02-DEC-1999.

PF 27-MAY-1999; 99MO-GB01680.

XX 27-MAY-1998; 98NO-0002419.

PR 30-DEC-1998; 98US-0114240.

XX (LAUR-) LAURAS AS.

XX (JONE/) JONES E L.

PI Hanson V, Levy FO, Mustelin T, Skalhogg BS, Sundvold V, Tasken K;

XX Wang T, Altman A, Munshi A;

DR N-PSDB; MAZ46491.

PT Altering the activity of protein kinase signaling pathways, used for
 PT treating immunosuppressive disorders, e.g. AIDS, proliferative
 PT disorders, e.g. cancers or autoimmune diseases -
 PS Claim 23; Page 95-96; 11pp; English.

CC The invention provides a novel method of altering the activity of the

CC protein kinase A (PKA) signaling pathway in a cell that comprises
 CC altering the extent of phosphorylation of one or more PKA substrates, or
 CC kinase substrates downstream in the PKA signaling pathway. Pharmaceutical
 CC compositions containing a nucleic acid molecule that encodes a PKA
 CC substrate, or fragment, precursor or functionally equivalent variant,
 CC where the sequence is modified to alter its susceptibility to
 CC phosphorylation by PKA can be used for treating a disorder exhibiting
 CC abnormal PKA signaling activity, immunosuppressive disorders or
 CC proliferative diseases. They can be used for treating e.g. HIV
 CC infection, AIDS, common variable immunodeficiency or cancers. Conditions
 CC in which upregulation of the PKA pathway is required, such as autoimmune
 CC disease, e.g. systemic lupus erythematosus, may also be treated. The
 CC present sequence represents a PKA substrate, wherein the substrate is in
 CC the Src family, preferably Lck, Fyn, Src, Yes, Fgr, Lyn, Hck Blk, Yrk,
 CC c-Kit, Fyk, Src-1 or Src-2.
 XX

SQ Sequence 509 AA;

Query Match 26.2%; Score 352; DB 21; Length 509;

Best Local Similarity 41.7%; Pred. No. 3, 7e-27;
 Matches 75; Conservative 26; Mismatches 69; Indels 10; Gaps 2;

QY 25 VTMEAEKSKAT-----AVALGSPAGGPAELSLRLGEPLTIVSEDDGMWTVLSVSGRE 78
 DB 49 VTYESNPAPSPLODNLVIALHSYEPSHDGDIFGKGEQLRLLEQSGEMWKAQSLTTGOE 108
 QY 79 YNIPSVHAKVS---HGMLYEGLSREKAEELLPLPGNPGCAFIRESGTRRGSYSLSVR 134
 DB 109 GFIFPNFVAKANSLEPEPWFKNLSKDAERQLARQNTHTSGFLIRESESTAGSFSLSVR 168
 QY 135 LSRPASWDRIHRYHICLDNGWLYISPLTTPSPLOALVDHYSELADTICCLAKEPCVLOR 194
 DB 169 DFDQNGEVEVKHYKIRNLNDGFGYISPRITFPGLHELVRHYTNASDGLCTRLSPCQTOK 228

RESULT 9

AAAB37700 ID AAB37700 standard; protein; 508 AA.

XX AAB37700;

XX 02-MAR-2001 (first entry)

XX Human lymphocyte kinase.

XX Human; lymphocyte kinase; protein co-ordinate data; lck; crystal.

XX Homo sapiens.

XX WO200070030-A1.

XX 23-NOV-2000.

XX 19-MAY-2000; 2000WO-US13881.

XX 19-MAY-1999; 99US-0134965.

XX (KINE-) KINETIX PHARM INC.

XX Zhu X;

XX WPI; 2000-687708/67.

XX Crystal of a protein-ligand complex for identifying kinase inhibitors,

XX comprising a truncated lymphocyte kinase and a ligand, and diffracts

XX X-rays to determine atomic coordinates at a resolution greater than 5

XX angstroms -

XX Claim 1, Page 434-5; 438pp; English.

XX The present invention relates to a crystal of a protein-ligand complex

XX comprising a truncated lymphocyte kinase (lck) and a ligand. The crystal

XX diffracts X-rays so that the atomic coordinates of the protein-ligand

CC complex can be determined to a resolution of greater than 5.0 Angstroms.
 CC The truncated lck used in the present invention comprises the globular
 CC core of the corresponding full-length lck. The present sequence is the
 CC full-length human lck protein. The crystal of the present invention may
 CC be used to identify kinase inhibitors in screening assays, in drug
 CC screening and drug design processes, to design, select or test inhibitors
 CC of kinase enzymes, where the inhibitors are used as therapeutics for the
 CC treatment and modulation of diseases, disease symptoms or the effect of
 CC other physiological events mediated by kinases, having one or more kinase
 CC enzymes involved in their pathology.
 XX

SQ Sequence 508 AA;

Query Match 25.6%; Score 344; DB 21; Length 508;

Best Local Similarity 41.1%; Pred. No. 2, 4e-26;
 Matches 74; Conservative 26; Mismatches 70; Indels 10; Gaps 2;

QY 25 VTMEAEKSKAT-----AVALGSPAGGPAELSLRLGEPLTIVSEDDGMWTVLSVSGRE 78
 DB 48 VTYESNPAPSPLODNLVIALHSYEPSHDGDIFGKGEQLRLLEQSGEMWKAQSLTTGOE 107
 QY 79 YNIPSVHAKVS---HGMLYEGLSREKAEELLPLPGNPGCAFIRESGTRRGSYSLSVR 134
 DB 108 GFIFPNFVAKANSLEPEPWFKNLSKDAERQLARQNTHTSGFLIRESESTAGSFSLSVR 167
 QY 135 LSRPASWDRIHRYHICLDNGWLYISPLTTPSPLOALVDHYSELADTICCLAKEPCVLOR 194
 DB 169 DFDQNGEVEVKHYKIRNLNDGFGYISPRITFPGLHELVRHYTNASDGLCTRLSPCQTOK 227

RESULT 10

ABG05994 ID ABG05994 standard; Protein; 70 AA.

XX ABG05994;

XX 13-FEB-2002 (first entry)

XX Novel human diagnostic protein #5985.

XX Human; chromosome mapping; gene mapping; gene therapy; forensic;

XX Food supplement; medical imaging; diagnostic; genetic disorder.

XX Homo sapiens.

XX WO200175067-A2.

XX 11-OCT-2001.

XX 30-MAR-2001; 2001WO-US08631.

XX 31-MAR-2000; 2000US-0540217.

XX 23-AUG-2000; 2000US-0649167.

XX (HYSE-) HYSEQ INC.

XX Dmanac RT, Liu C, Tang YT;

XX WPI; 2001-639362/73.

XX N-PSDB; AAS70181.

XX New isolated polynucleotide and encoded polypeptides, useful in

XX diagnostics, forensics, gene mapping, identification of mutations

XX responsible for genetic disorders or other traits and to assess

XX biodiversity -

XX Claim 20; SEQ ID No 36353; 103pp; English.

XX The invention relates to isolated polynucleotide (I) and

XX polypeptide (II) sequences. (I) is useful as hybridisation probes,

XX polymerase chain reaction (PCR) primers, oligomers, and for chromosome

XX and gene mapping, and in recombinant production of (II). The

XX polynucleotides are also used in diagnostics as expressed sequence tags

cell-cell interactions in higher eukaryotes for the development of

PT contraception

PS Example; Fig 10; 103pp; English.
XX

The invention describes an isolated perinuclear theca 32 (PT32) polypeptide (I) which interacts with tyrosine kinase c-Y68. (I) is useful for: enhancing fertility in a mammal, treating yolk-oosperm, by expressing (I) in spermatozoa; inhibiting fertilisation, by introducing (I) or its antigenic fragment into a mammal to elicit an immune response; enhancing the ability of round spermatids to activate oocytes; treating or diagnosing diminished fertility and abnormal spermogenesis; in providing contraceptive agents, identifying contraceptive and fertility-enhancing agents. The polypeptide is useful for producing (I) by recombinant techniques, as vaccine, as diagnostic reagents, and for chromosome identification. An antibody against (I) is useful in immunological assays, in immun contraceptive methods, to identify cells expressing (I), and to purify (I) by affinity chromatography. A transgenic animal is useful as an animal model for studying human fertility and reproductive biology, and for screening compounds to identify modulators of oocyte activation. The use of (I) prevents the entry of components which are detrimental to embryonic development into the oocyte during oocyte activation with crude sperm extract and avoids the propagation of viruses such as HIV (human immunodeficiency virus) and SIV (simian immunodeficiency virus) carried in the sperm. This is the amino acid sequence of the arc tyrosine kinase c-Y68 which is naturally occurring in sperm perinuclear theca and important in development, described in the method of the invention.

SQ **Sequence** **541 AA;**

Query Match	Score	DB	Length
23.8%	321	23	541
Best Local Similarity	31.8%	23	541

Matches	92;	Conservative	43;	Mismatches	104;	Indels	50;	Gaps	9
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[illegible]

RESULT 13

ID	ABG10302	standard; Protein; 543 AA
XX		

AC ABG10302;
xy

13-FEB-2002 (first entry)

Novel human diagnostic protein #10293.

human; chromosome mapping; gene mapping; gene therapy; forensic food supplement; medical imaging; diagnostic; genetic; forensic

XX
OS
HCEC
cc
cc
cc
cc
cc

[illegible]

XX

XX

FF 30-10AR-2001; 2001WC-US08631

XX

PR 23-AUG-2000; 2000US-0649167.
EN 21-MAR-2000; 2000US-0340217.

PA (HYSE-) HYSEO INC.

XX
PI
Dymanac RT. Lijn C. Tang VTXX
DB
WPT : 2001-620262/73

DR N-PSDB; AAS74489.

PT New isolated polynucleotide and encoded polypeptides, useful in
diagnostics, forensics, gene mapping, identification of mutations
responsible for genetic disorders or other traits and to assess
biodiversity -

Ps Claim 20; SEQ ID No 40661; 103bp; English
XX

The invention relates to isolated polynucleotide (I) and polypeptide (II) sequences. (I) is useful as hybridisation probes, polymerase chain reaction (PCR) primers, oligomers and for chromosome and gene mapping, and in recombinant production of (II). The polynucleotides are also used in diagnostics as expressed sequence tags for identifying expressed genes. (I) is useful in gene therapy techniques to restore normal activity of (II) or to treat disease states involving (II). (II) is useful for generating antibodies against it, detecting or quantitating a polypeptide in tissue, as molecular weight markers and as a food supplement. (II) and its binding partners are useful in medical imaging of sites expressing (II). (I) and (II) are useful for treating disorders involving aberrant protein expression or biological activity. The polypeptide and polynucleotide sequences have applications in diagnostics, forensics, gene mapping, identification of mutations responsible for genetic disorders or other traits to assess biodiversity and to produce other types of data and products dependent on DNA and amino acid sequences. ABG00010-ABG30377 represent novel human diagnostic amino acid sequences of the invention.

Notes: The sequence data for this patent did not appear in the printed specification, but was obtained in electronic format directly from WIPO at [ftp.wipo.int/pub/published_pat_sequences](http://wipo.int/pub/published_pat_sequences).

SQ Sequence 543 AA

Query Match	23.7%	Score 319.5;	DB 22;	Length 543
Best Local Similarity	29.3%	Pred NC 80-24		

Matches	93;	Conservative	45;	Mismatches	112;	Indels	67;	Gaps	9
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[illegible]

AAAB84663

ID AAB84663 standard; Protein: 543 AA.
 AC AAB84663;
 XX
 DT 05-SEP-2001 (first entry)
 XX
 DE Amino acid sequence of human tyrosine kinase protein Yes.
 XX
 KM Vascular permeability; tyrosine kinase protein; Src; Yes; stroke;
 KM myocardial infarction; restenosis; trauma; blood vessel; atherosclerosis;
 KM diabetic retinopathy; inflammatory disease; infection; arthritis;
 KM adult respiratory distress syndrome; ARDS; rheumatoid arthritis;
 KM diabetic retinopathy; psoriasis; neovascular glaucoma;
 KM capillary proliferation; osteoporosis; cancer.
 XX
 OS Homo sapiens.
 XX
 PN M0200145751-A1.
 XX
 PD 28-JUN-2001.
 XX
 PF 22-DEC-2000; 2000MO-US535396.
 XX
 PR 22-DEC-1999; 99US-0470881.
 PR 29-MAR-2000; 2000US-0538248.
 XX
 PA (SCRI) SCRIPPS RES INST.
 XX
 PI Cheresah DA, Eliceli B, Paul R;
 XX
 DR WPI; 2001-417982/44.
 DR N-PSDB; AAH28359.
 XX
 PT Modulating vascular permeability in tissues, including inflamed tissue,
 PT tissues associated with stroke, myocardial infarction, by contacting
 PT the tissue with tyrosine kinase protein Src, Yes or their modified
 PT forms -
 XX
 XX Disclosure; Fig 11; 133pp; English.
 XX
 PS The specification describes a method for modulating vascular
 CC permeability in a tissue suffering from a disease condition. The method
 CC comprises contacting the tissue with a pharmaceutical composition
 CC comprising tyrosine kinase protein Src, Yes or their mixtures or
 CC nucleic acid expressing them. The method is useful for modulating
 CC vascular permeability in tissues, including inflamed tissue, tissues
 CC associated with stroke, myocardial infarction or other blockage of
 CC normal flow, tissues undergoing restenosis, psoriatic, retinal tissue
 CC and similar tissues. Pathologies which may be treated include
 CC trauma to blood vessels, and other systemic pathological events such as
 CC atherosclerosis, diabetic retinopathy, inflammatory disease due to
 CC infection by microbial agents and arthritis. Other diseases which can
 CC be treated include adult respiratory distress syndrome (ARDS), rheumatoid
 CC arthritis, diabetic retinopathy, psoriasis, neovascular glaucoma,
 CC capillary proliferation in atherosclerotic plaques and osteoporosis and
 CC cancer associated disorders such as solid tumours, solid tumour
 CC metastases, angiofibromas and hemangiomas. The present sequence
 CC represents human Yes, and is used in the method of the invention.
 XX
 SQ Sequence 543 AA;
 Query Match 23.7%; Score 319.5; DB 22; Length 543;
 Best Local Similarity 29.3%; Pred. No. 9e-24;
 Matches 93; Conservative 45; Mismatches 112; Indels 67; Gaps 9;
 QY 1 GSLSRRKSLPSPLSSV-----QGQPVMEABRSKATAVAGSPAG-----45
 DB 33 GAETTVSPCCSSAKGTAVNPSLSMTFPGSSGVTTPGAGSSFSFVSSTPAGLTGG 92
 QY 46 -----GPAFLSRIGCEPVTIVSE--DDMWTVLSEVSGRENIPTSVYAKV-- 89
 DB 93 VTIIVALYDYEARTEEDLSFKGGERFOIINTEGDMWEARSATATKNGYIIPSNVAPADS 152

QY 90 --SHGWLVEGLSRKAEELLPGNPGCAFIRESQRGYSLSVRLSPASWDRIR-- 145
 DB 153 IOAEWYFGKGRDAERLLNNGNORGIPLVRESETTGAYSLSIR-----DDELRD 207
 QY 146 ---HYHINDNGMLYISPLTPPSQALVHYSELADICCLAKPC-----VQ 193
 DB 208 NVKHYIKRLNDGYYITTTAQTLOKLVKHYEHADGCHKLTTCVPTVKPOTQGLAK 267
 QY 194 RAGPLFGKDIPPTVOR-----TPLNKKEIDSSLFSEATGEESLSG 239
 DB 268 DAMEIPRESLRLEVKLDGQCFGEVWMTNQTVAIKTLKGTWMPAPAFGEHQIMKTU 327
 QY 240 LRESL-SFYISLNDVAV 255
 DB 328 RHDKLVPLVAVSEEP 344
 RESULT 15
 ID AAY24421
 AAY24421 standard; Protein: 543 AA.
 XX
 AC AAY24421;
 XX
 DT 23-SEP-1999 (first entry)
 XX
 DE Human yes1 protein.
 XX
 KM Human; Yes1; diagnosis; neuropsychiatric disorder; BAD; schizophrenia;
 KM bipolar affective disorder; attention deficit disorder;
 KM schizoaffective disorder; unipolar affective disorder;
 KM Huntington's disease; Parkinson's disease; manic-depression.
 XX
 OS Homo sapiens.
 XX
 PN M0935290-A1.
 XX
 PD 15-JUL-1999.
 XX
 PF 07-JAN-1999; 99MO-US00297.
 XX
 PR 08-JAN-1998; 98US-0003944.
 XX
 PA (MILL-) MILLENNIUM PHARM INC.
 PI Chen H, Freimer NB;
 XX
 DR WPI: 1999-444203/37.
 DR N-PSDB; AAX90200.
 XX
 PT Detection of a genetic mutation in the yes1 gene, useful for
 PT diagnosis of a yes1 mediated neuropsychiatric disorder in a human
 XX
 PS Disclosure; Fig 1; 110pp; English.
 XX
 CC The present invention describes a method for detecting a genetic
 CC mutation in the yes1 gene for the diagnosis of a yes1 mediated
 CC neuropsychiatric disorder in a human. The method comprises detecting the
 CC presence or absence of a genetic mutation in the yes1 gene of the
 CC subject, where the genetic mutation is a substitution, insertion or a
 CC deletion and results in the production of a yes1 protein having an amino
 CC acid sequence other than the wild-type yes1 amino acid sequence and the
 CC presence of the genetic mutation identifies a subject that has or is at
 CC risk for developing a yes1 mediated neuropsychiatric disorder.
 CC CC that bind to the yes1 protein, alter the amount of the protein, or alter
 CC the activity of the yes1 gene product, are useful for treating a yes1
 CC mediated neuropsychiatric disorder. The disorders include Huntington's
 CC disease, Parkinson's disease, and especially bipolar-affective disorder
 CC (BAD) also known as bipolar mood disorder (BP) or manic-depressive
 CC illness. The method distinguishes neuropsychiatric disorders from
 CC neurological disorders, which enables more accurate evaluation and
 CC prescription of medical treatment. The present sequence represents the
 CC human yes1 protein sequence.
 XX

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Page 10

Sequence 543 AA:

Query Match 23.6%; Score 317.5; DB 20; Length 543;

Best Local Similarity 29.3%; Pred. No. 1.4e-23; Matches 93; Conservative 45; Mismatches 112; Indels 67; Gaps 9;

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Qy 1 GSLPSRRKSLPSPSLSSSV-----QGQGPVTWEARSKATAVALGSFPAQ---- 45
   | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : |
Db 33 GABPTVSPCPSSSAKGTAVNFSLSWTPFGSGSGVTPFGGASSSFSSVPSYPAGLTG 92
   | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : |
Qy 46 -----GPAELSLRGLPLTVSE--DGDMMTVLSEVSGREYNIPSVYAKV-- 89
   | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : |
Db 93 VTIPTVALDYEAATTEEDLSFKKGERFQIINNTGSDWEARSIATGKNGYIPSNVYAPADS 152
   | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : |
Qy 90 --SHGWLVEGLSREKAEILLPQNPQGAFLIREQTRGSYSLSVRLSRPASWDRI-- 145
   | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : |
Db 153 IQAEWYFGKMGKRAERLLINPQNGRIFLYRESEETTKGAYSLIR-----DWDEIRGD 207
   | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : |
Qy 146 ---HYRIHCLDNGMLYISPRLTSPSLQALVDHYSLELADDICCLKEPC-----VLQ 193
   | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : |
Db 208 NVKHKIKRLDNGGYITTRAFDTLQKLVKHYTHADQLCHKLTTCPTVVKPQTQGLAK 267
   | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : |
Qy 194 RAGPLPGKDIPLPVTQV-----TPLNKELDSSLFSEAAATGESLJSEG 239
   | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : |
Db 268 DAMEIPRESLRELVKLGQCGFGEVWNGTNGTKVAIKTLCPTMPEAFLOAOIMKCL 327
   | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : |
Qy 240 LRESL-SFYISLNDKAV 255
   | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : | : |
Db 328 RHDKLVPVYAVVSEPI 344
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Search completed: March 24, 2003, 15:48:35
Job time : 57.1515 secs